Curriculum Mapping

What does a curriculum map look like?

It's a table with one column for each learning outcome and one row for each course or required event/experience (or vice versa: each row contains a course and each column lists a learning outcome). The following is an excerpt from hypothetical biology program curriculum map.

Key: "I"=Introduced; "R"=reinforced and opportunity to practice; "M"=mastery at the senior or exit level; "A"=assessment evidence collected

	Program Learning Outcomes											
Courses and Experiences	Apply the scientific method	Develop laboratory techniques	Diagram and explain major cellular processes	Awareness of careers and job opportunities in biological sciences								
BIOL 101	I	I		I								
BIOL 202	R	R	I									
BIOL 303	R	M, A	R									
BIOL 404	M, A		M, A	R								
Other: Exit interview				А								

How is a curriculum map created?

Step 1: Faculty members begin with:

- the program's intended student learning outcomes
- recommended and required courses
- other required events/experiences (e.g., internships, research, co-op)

Step 2: Create the "map" in the form of a table (see two options provided).

Step 3: Enter the student learning outcomes and courses and events/experiences into the map that currently address those outcomes.

Step 4: Enter an indicator of level for each learning outcomes and course/experience

- Enter an "I" to indicate students are **introduced** to the outcome
- "R" indicates the outcome is **reinforced** and students afforded opportunities to practice
- "M" indicates that students have had sufficient practice and can now demonstrate **mastery**
- "A" indicates where evidence might be collected and evaluated for program-level assessment (collection might occur at the beginning and end of the program if comparisons across years are desired).

Step 5: Faculty members analyze the curriculum map. They discuss and revise so that each outcome is introduced, reinforced/practiced, and then mastered. In addition, each outcome should have at least one "A" to indicate that evidence can be collected for program-level assessment. Not every outcome is assessed every semester, the timeline for collection will be indicated on the assessment plan.

What are some curriculum mapping best practices?

- Build in practice and multiple learning trials for students: introduce, reinforce, master. Students will
 perform best if they are introduced to the learning outcome early in the curriculum and then given
 sufficient practice and reinforcement before evaluation of their level of mastery takes place.
- Use the curriculum map to identify the learning opportunities (e.g., assignments, activities) that produce the program's outcomes.
- Allow faculty members to teach to their strengths (note: each person need not cover all outcomes
 in a single course). "Hand off" particular outcomes to those best suited for the task.
- Ask if the department/program is trying to do too much. Eliminate outcomes that are not highly-valued and then focus on highly-valued outcomes by including them in multiple courses. (The eliminated outcomes can still be course-level outcomes. They need not disappear completely from the curriculum.)
- Set priorities as a department/program. Everyone working together toward common outcomes can increase the likelihood that students will meet or exceed expectations.
- Communicate: Publish the curriculum map and distribute to students and faculty.
- Communicate: Each faculty member can make explicit connections across courses for the students. For example, at the beginning of the course or unit, a faculty member can remind students what they were introduced to in another course and explain how the current course will have them practice or expand their knowledge. Students do not always make those connections by themselves.

Curriculum Map Sample 1

REQUIRED				LEARI	NING OUT	COMES				
COURSES AND EXPERIENCES	Outcome 2	Outcome 3	Outcome 4	Outcome 5	Outcome 6	Outcome 7	Outcome 8	Outcome 9	Outcome 10	Outcome 11
/I Introduces D. D.										

(I = Introduce; R= Reinforce; M = Mastery; and A = Assessment Opportunity)

Curriculum Map Sample 2

Curriculum Map Sample 2											
REQUIRED COURSES and EXPERIENCES											

Completed Curriculum Map 2 – A Hypothetical Psychology Program

LEARNING OUTCOMES (I = Introduce; R = Reinforce; M = Mastery and A =		REQUIRED COURSES											
Assessment Opportunity)	101	102	201	220	250	301	302	303	401	402	435	490	
Demonstrate communication skills appropriate to the field of psychology.	ı				I	M			R		M	M, A	
Demonstrate knowledge of the historical and global contexts of the field of psychology	I	I	R								R,A		
Demonstrate knowledge of the biological bases of behavior and development.		I			R	R	M, A						
Outline the major ideas behind the individual differences perspective.	I	I	R		R,A								
Distinguish between major statistical tests and be able to choose appropriate tests for specific data sets.	ı	А								R		М	
Develop an original research question that builds on an existing body of knowledge.	I	R		R			R					M, A	
Select methodology appropriate to a particular research question.						I			R, A			М	
Properly document references and citations in APA style.						I	I	I	R		М	M, A	
Demonstrate an understanding of the ethical principles of psychology as established by the APA.	I			R, A					R			M	
Evaluate real world examples in terms of course content and knowledge, applying critical thinking skills.	I	I	R	R	R	R	R	R	М	R, A		М	